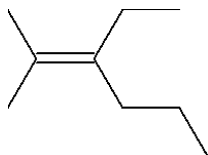


## Chemistry 210 - Chapter 5 - Quiz 1

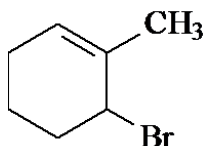
Student: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Carbon-carbon double bonds do not freely rotate like carbon-carbon single bonds. Why?
- A. The double bond is much stronger and thus more difficult to rotate.
  - B. Overlap of the two 2p orbitals of the  $\pi$  bond would be lost.
  - C. The shorter bond length of the double bond makes it more difficult for the attached groups to pass each other.
  - D. Overlap of the  $sp^2$  orbitals of the carbon-carbon  $\sigma$  bond would be lost.

2. What is the IUPAC name of the following compound?

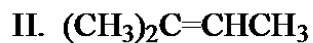


- A. 2-methyl-3-propyl-2-pentene
  - B. 3-ethyl-2-methyl-2-hexene
  - C. 4-ethyl-methyl-4-hexene
  - D. 4-methyl-3-propyl-3-pentene
3. How many isomeric alkenes of formula  $C_4H_8$ , including stereoisomers, are possible?
- A. two
  - B. three
  - C. four
  - D. five
4. What is the IUPAC name of the following compound?



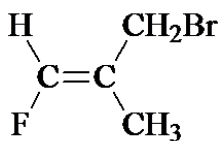
- A. 3-bromo-2-methylcyclohexene
- B. 1-bromo-2-methyl-2-cyclohexene
- C. 6-bromo-1-methylcyclohexene
- D. 2-bromo-1-methylcyclohexene

5. Which of the following alkenes exhibit E-Z isomerism?

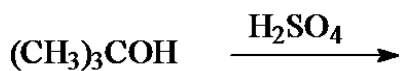


- A. I and II
- B. I and III
- C. II and IV
- D. I, II, and III

6. What is the IUPAC name of the following compound?

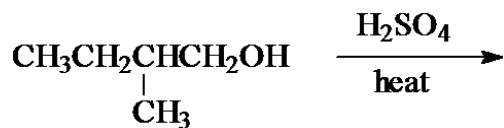


- A. (E)-3-bromo-1-fluoro-2-methylpropene
  - B. (Z)-3-bromo-1-fluoro-2-methylpropene
  - C. (E)-1-bromo-3-fluoro-2-methylpropene
  - D. (Z)-1-bromo-3-fluoro-2-methylpropene
7. Identify the major organic product expected from the acid-catalyzed dehydration of 2-methyl-2-pentanol.
- A. 2-methyl-1-pentene
  - B. 2-methyl-2-pentene
  - C. 3-methyl-1-pentene
  - D. *cis*-3-methyl-2-pentene
8. What is the slow, rate-determining step, in the acid-catalyzed dehydration of 2-methyl-2-propanol?



- A. Protonation of the alcohol to form an oxonium ion.
- B. Loss of water from the oxonium ion to form a carbocation.
- C. Loss of a  $\beta$ -hydrogen from the carbocation to form an alkene.
- D. The simultaneous loss of a  $\beta$ -hydrogen and water from the oxonium ion.

9. Predict the major product of the following reaction:



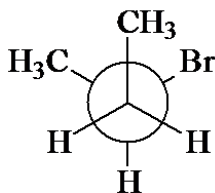
- A)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}_2\overset{\text{CH}_3}{\text{C}}=\text{CH}_2$   
 B)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{CCHCH}_2\text{CH}_3$   
 C)  $\text{CH}_3\text{CH}=\text{C}(\text{CH}_3)_2$   
 D)  $(\text{CH}_3)_2\text{CHCH}=\text{CH}_2$

- A. A  
 B. B  
 C. C  
 D. D

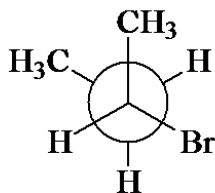
10. Which of the following most readily undergoes an E2 reaction with sodium ethoxide ( $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$ )?

- A.  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CF}$   
 B.  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CCl}$   
 C.  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CBr}$   
 D.  $(\text{CH}_3)_3\text{CI}$

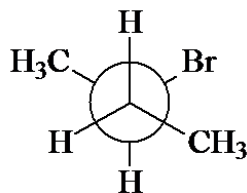
11. In the dehydrohalogenation of 2-bromobutane, which conformation below leads directly to the formation of *cis*-2-butene?



I



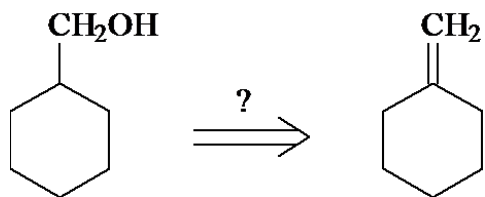
II



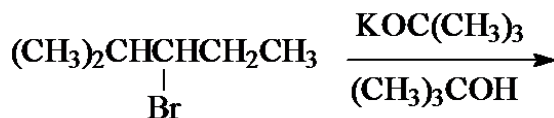
III

- A. only I  
 B. only II  
 C. only III  
 D. I and II

12. Which of the following would you predict to be the best method for doing the following conversion with the highest yield?

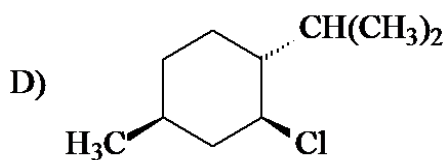
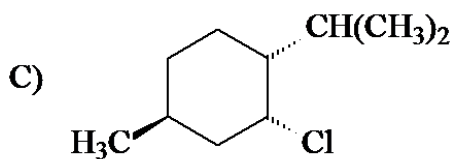
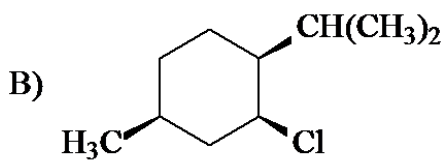
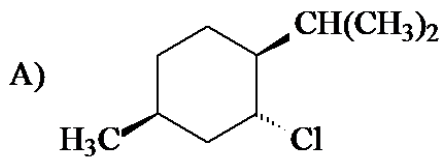
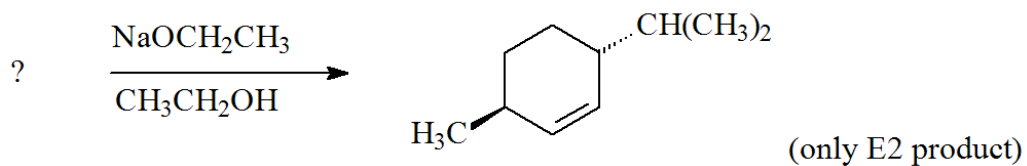


- A.  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , heat  
 B.  $\text{NaOCH}_2\text{CH}_3$   
 C. (1)  $\text{PBr}_3$  (2)  $\text{NaOH}$   
 D. (1)  $\text{PBr}_3$  (2)  $\text{KOC}(\text{CH}_3)_3$
13. Which of the following sets of conditions most favors the E1 mechanism?
- A. When the alkyl halide is tertiary and the base is a weak base.  
 B. When the alkyl halide is tertiary and the base is a strong base.  
 C. When the alkyl halide is primary or secondary and the base is a weak base.  
 D. When the alkyl halide is primary or secondary and the base is a strong base.
14. What is the first step in the mechanism of the dehydration reaction of a tertiary alcohol with sulfuric acid to form an alkene?
- A. The loss of  $\text{OH}^-$  to form a carbocation.  
 B. The protonation of the hydroxyl group.  
 C. The loss of the proton from the hydroxyl group to give an alkoxide ion.  
 D. The removal of a  $\beta$ -hydrogen from the alcohol.
15. Including E-Z isomers, how many E2 products are possible in the following reaction?



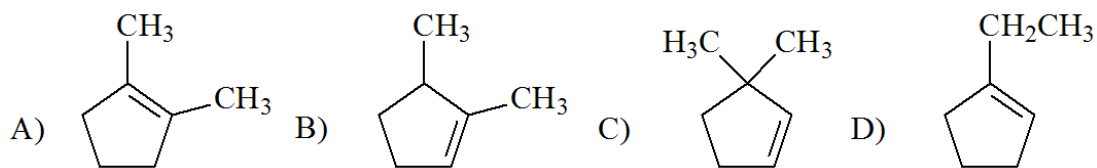
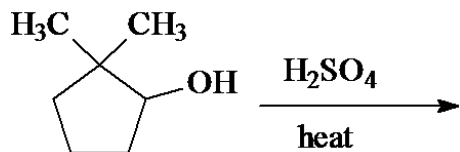
- A. one  
 B. two  
 C. three  
 D. four
16. Which of the following will give 2-methyl-1-butene as the only alkene product on treatment with  $\text{KOC}(\text{CH}_3)_3$  in dimethyl sulfoxide?
- A. 2-bromo-3-methylbutane  
 B. 1-bromo-3-methylbutane  
 C. 2-bromo-2-methylbutane  
 D. 1-bromo-2-methylbutane

17. Which of the following stereoisomers gives the exclusive E2 product shown?

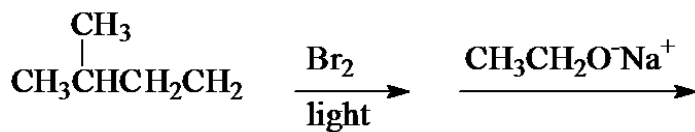


- A. A
- B. B
- C. C
- D. D

18. The acid-catalyzed dehydration of the alcohol shown below gives a major product which results from a carbocation rearrangement. Identify this major product.



- A. A  
B. B  
C. C  
D. D
19. How many different E2 products are expected in the reaction of 3-bromo-1,1-dimethylcyclohexane with NaOCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>3</sub>?
- A. only 1  
B. 2  
C. 3  
D. 4
20. What is the major product of the reaction sequence shown below?



- A. 2-methyl-1-butene  
B. 2-methyl-2-butene  
C. 3-methyl-1-butene  
D. 2-methylbutane

## Chemistry 210 - Chapter 5 - Quiz 1 Key

1. B
2. B
3. C
4. C
5. B
6. A
7. B
8. B
9. C
10. D
11. A
12. D
13. A
14. B
15. C
16. D
17. D
18. A
19. B
20. B

## Chemistry 210 - Chapter 5 - Quiz 1 **Summary**

<i>Category</i>	<i># of Questions</i>
Carey - 005 Structure...	20