1. An alcohol has the same oxidation state as a(n):

1) ketone

- 2) alkene
- 3) organolithium compound
- 4) alkyl halide

2. What is the product of the following reaction?

$$\begin{array}{c}
O \\
\hline
(1) \text{ LiAlH}_4 \\
\hline
(2) \text{ H}_2 O
\end{array}$$

- 1) 1
- 2) 2

3) 3

4) 4

3. In general, which one of the functional groups below does $\underline{\text{not}}$ react with $\text{LiAlH}_4?$

1) esters

2) ketones

3) ethers

4) carboxylic acids

4. Which of the following reagents would be used to carry out the transformation shown below?

- 1) NaBH₄
- 2) LiAlH₄
- 3) H₂/Pt
- 4) PCC/CH_2Cl_2

5. What is the product of the following reaction?

- 1) CH₃CH=0
- 2) meso-2,3-butanediol
- 3) racemic (2R, 3R) and (2S, 3S) 2, 3-butanediol
- 4) cis-2,3-epoxybutane

6. Which of the following syntheses gives 3-methyl-1-hexanol?

1) 2-bromopentane
$$\frac{\text{Mg}}{\text{diethyl ether}} \rightarrow \frac{1) \angle 1}{2) \text{H}^+} \rightarrow$$

2) 2-bromohexane
$$\frac{\text{Mg}}{\text{diethyl ether}} \rightarrow \frac{1) \text{H}_2\text{C=O}}{2) \text{H}^+}$$

3) 3-bromopentane
$$\frac{\text{Mg}}{\text{diethyl ether}} \frac{1) \text{CH}_3\text{CH=O}}{2) \text{H}^+}$$

4) 1-bromobutane
$$\frac{Mg}{\text{diethyl ether}} = \frac{1) CH_3CCH_3}{2) H^+}$$

1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4) 4

7. Which one of the following diols would cleave into two fragments with ${\rm HIO_4?}$

1) 1,3-hexanediol

2) 2,4-hexanediol

3) 3,4-hexanediol

4) 1,6-hexanediol

8. As a reducing agent, $NaBH_4$ donates a(n) _____ to a ketone or aldehyde.

1) proton

2) hydrogen atom

3) hydride ion

4) hydrogen molecule

9. What is the product of the synthetic sequence below?

O
$$\xrightarrow{\text{NaBH}_4}$$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{HBr}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{1) Mg, Et}_2\text{O}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{PCC}}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{CH}_2\text{Cl}_2}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{3) H}_3\text{O}^+}$

1)
$$CO_2H$$
 2) CHO 3) CHO 4) CH_3 OH OH

10. What is the final product of the following reactions?

$$(CH_3)_2C=CHCH_2CH_3$$
 $\xrightarrow{1) BH_3/THF}$ \xrightarrow{PCC} $\xrightarrow{1) CH_3MgBr}$ $\xrightarrow{2) H_2O_2, OH}$ $\xrightarrow{CH_2Cl_2}$ $\xrightarrow{2) H_3O^+}$

- 1) 2,3-dimethyl-3-pentanol
- 2) 2,3-diemthyl-2-pentanol
- 3) 2,4-dimethyl-3-pentanol
- 4) 2,2-dimethyl-3-pentanol

11. The tertiary alcohol below was reacted with PCC in CH_2Cl_2 and gave a product, $C_{12}H_{12}O$. The product had a strong absorption in the IR spectrum at 1700 cm⁻¹. Predict which of the following is the product. (note: PCC is pyridinium chlorochromate, $[C_5H_5NH^+][ClCrO_3^-]$)

HO
$$C_6H_5$$

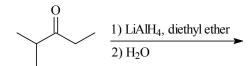
$$PCC$$

$$CH_2Cl_2$$

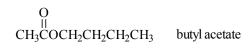
1) 1 2) 2 3) 3 4)
$$C_6H_5$$
 C_6H_5 C

- 12. Which of the following reagents will convert cyclohexene into cis-1, 2-cyclohexanediol?
 - 1) OsO_4 , $(CH_3)_3COOH$, $(CH_3)_3COH$, OH^-
 - 2) HIO₄
 - 3) O_3 followed by Zn/H_2O
 - 4) CH₃CO₃H (peroxyacetic acid)
- 13. Which of the following is the product of the reaction shown below?

14. The alcohol product(s) of the reduction of 2-methyl-3-pentanone with $LiAlH_4$ is (are):



- 1) a single enantiomer.
- 2) a racemic mixture.
- two diastereomers.
- 4) two constitutional isomers.
- 15. Which one of the following would not give butyl acetate when reacted with 1-butanol?



- O | 1) CH_3CC1 (with pyridine) 3) CH_3CO_2H (with H_2SO_4)
- $\begin{array}{ccc} O & O & & O \\ || & || & \\ 2) & CH_3COCCH_3 \text{ (with pyridine)} & & 4) & CH_3CH \text{ (with } H_2SO_4) \end{array}$

- 1) 1
- 2) 2
- 3) 3
- 4) 4

Answer Key for Test "211c15q2.tst", 2/23/2004

No. in No. on

Q-Bank		Test	Correct Answer
15	2	1	4
15	4	2	3
15	6	3	3
15	8	4	2
15	10	5	2
15	12	6	1
15	14	7	3
15	16	8	3
15	18	9	3
15	20	10	1
15	22	11	3
15	24	12	1
15	26	13	4
15	28	14	2
15	30	15	4