QUESTIONS FOR CHAPTER FIFTEEN

1. What were some of the causes and results of population growth during the 13th century? What was the “Black Death” and how did it affect the economy, society, technology, and the environment?

2. What two factors helped Italian trade to develop? How did the Hanseatic League, Fairs of Champagne, textile manufacturing and the production of luxury good affect urban development?

3. What were some of the advantages of living in the trading cities? What economic and social changes began to take place there?

4. Describe some of the main features of the cathedrals. Why were they significant?

5. Describe the development of universities. Why were the universities of Bologna, Paris, Oxford, and Salerno famous? What was scholasticism?

6. Who were the humanists? What changes did they bring about? Why was the invention of the printing press so significant? Discuss some of the contributions of the Renaissance artists. Why were they significant?
7. What groups in society resisted the growth of royal control? How technological developments and conflict within the Church affect this resistance?

8. Why was the Hundred Years War considered a “…watershed in the political history of France and England?”

9. What was the reconquest and what part did it play in the rise of new monarchs in Iberian unification?

10. How did the developments you discussed in the above questions undermine the basic medieval economic, social, political, and cultural structures and institutions? What new structures and institutions began to replace them?

**TERMS TO KNOW**

- Black Death
- Serfs
- Fallow land
- Three field system
- Great Famine
- Jacquerie
- Wat Tyler’s revolt
- Crusade of 1204
- *Pax Mongolica*
- Venice/Genoa
- Hanseatic League
- Fairs of Champagne
- Expulsion of the Jews
- Guilds
- Merchant bankers
- De ‘Medici
- University of Bologna
- University of Paris
- Gutenberg
- *Gutenberg Bible*
- Chaucer
- Dante
- Petrarch
- Boccaccio
- Erasmus
- Da Vinci
- Michelangelo
- Oil paints
- “New monarchies”
- Philip the Fair
- Pope Boniface VIII
- “Babylonian captivity”
- “Great Schism”
- King John
- Magna Carta
- Ferdinand/Isabella
- *Reconquista*
- Inquisition
- Hundred Years War
- Improved crossbow
- Firearms
- Battle of Agincourt